## **Agronomy and Weeds**

David Jordan

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North Carolina State University

#### **General Production Practices**

- Apply nutrients based on soil test (pH 5.8 to 6.2)
- Avoid excessive Mg and K
- Avoid fields with zinc
- Establish good rotations (cotton, corn, sorghum)
- Plant improved varieties in May
- 5 seed per foot of row on 36-inch rows
- Conventional tillage
- Irrigate if possible
- Inoculate with Bradyrhizobia for BNF
- Apply calcium at pegging
- Apply boron and manganese as needed
- Dig and harvest in a timely manner
- Control pests using IPM practices

**TABLE 3** Number of samples received from 2015 to 2018 to determine lime and fertilizer recommendations for peanut grown primarily in North Carolina

pH category	Samples from 2015–2018 (n)	Acreage estimate for pH categories (% of samples)
< 5.4	859	5.6
5.4-5.7	2,969	19.3
5.8-6.2	8,255	53.7
>6.2	3,279	21.4
Total	15,362	_

#### Peanut response to soil pH and gypsum rate.a

		Gypsum rate	
Soil pH	0	0.5X	1.0X
	——— Percent of maximum yield ———		
4.5	42 f	55 e	55 e
5.2	55 e	56 e	59 e
5.6	78 c	78 c	69 d
6.0	84 b	97 a	95 a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Data are pooled over 3 years.

# Potash Recommendations for Peanuts as Related to Potassium Soil Test Index (K-I), NCDA&CS.\*

Soil Test K-I	Potash (K <sub>2</sub> O) in lbs/acre
0	150
10	120
20	90
30	70
40	40
50	30
60	10
70	0

<sup>\*</sup>Crop fertilization based on N.C. soil tests; based on equation 15 for calculating rates of fertilizer

https://www.ncagr.gov/agronomi/pdffiles/obook.pdf.

Table 3-4. Peanut Yield Response and Economic Return at a Price of \$535 per ton in Fields without a History of Peanuts versus Fields with Frequent Plantings of Peanuts (1999 – 2017). Trials were conducted in North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia with Virginia market type varieties.

	New Peanut Fields		Fields with a Recent History of Peanuts	
Inoculant Use	Yield (lb per acre)	Economic return (\$ per acre)	Yield (lb per acre)	Economic return (\$ per acre)
No inoculant	3,460	5	4,280	227
Inoculant	4,660	323	4,450	268
Difference	1,200	318	170	41
Number of Trials	52	52	43	43
Years	1999 –	2017	1999 -	- 2017

### **Applying Nitrogen to Peanuts**

- Consider about 20 pounds N/acre on sandy soils to promote more rapid canopy closure and cooler soils at initial pegging
- Apply 500 pounds AMS/acre as soon as you notice symptoms of N deficiency and it is apparent that nodulation is poor (less than 10 nodules per plant 45 days after planting)
- Wet fields can decrease activity of nodules and cause peanuts to have a yellow cast – when fields dry they recover and generally the peanuts become green again
- Applied N is not recommended as a general rule for peanuts

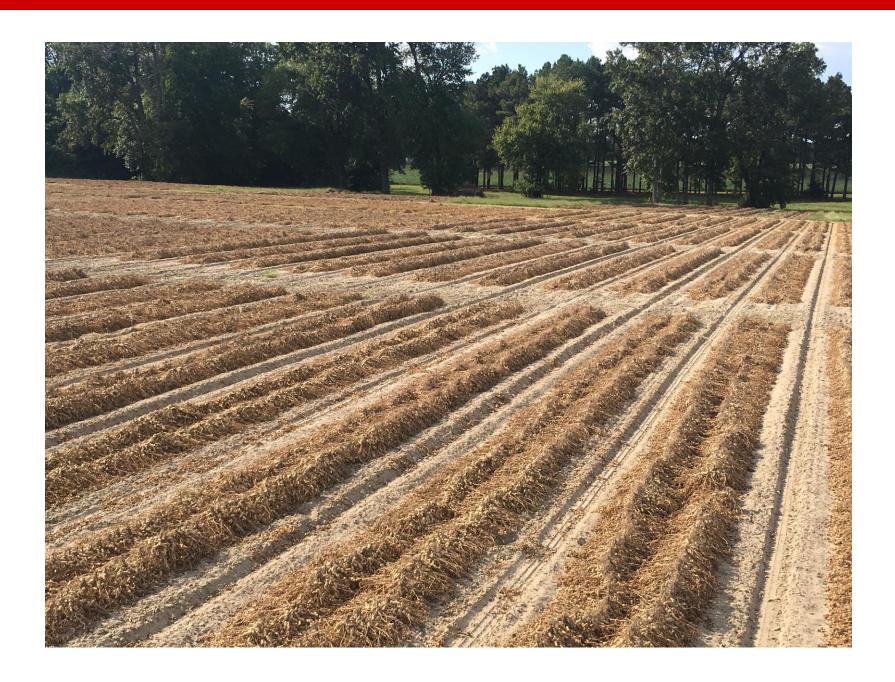
Table 3-5. Peanut Response from 14 Trials to Inoculation and Ammonium Sulfate at 571 lb/acre (120 lb actual N/acre) Applied when Nitrogen Deficiency Is First Visible.

		Pod Yield	Net Return
Inoculant	Ammonium Sulfate	(lb/acre)	(\$/acre)
No	No	3,530 с	20 c
Yes	No	4,850 a	353 a
No	Yes	4,550 b	271 b

Means followed by the same letter are not significantly different at p < 0.05.

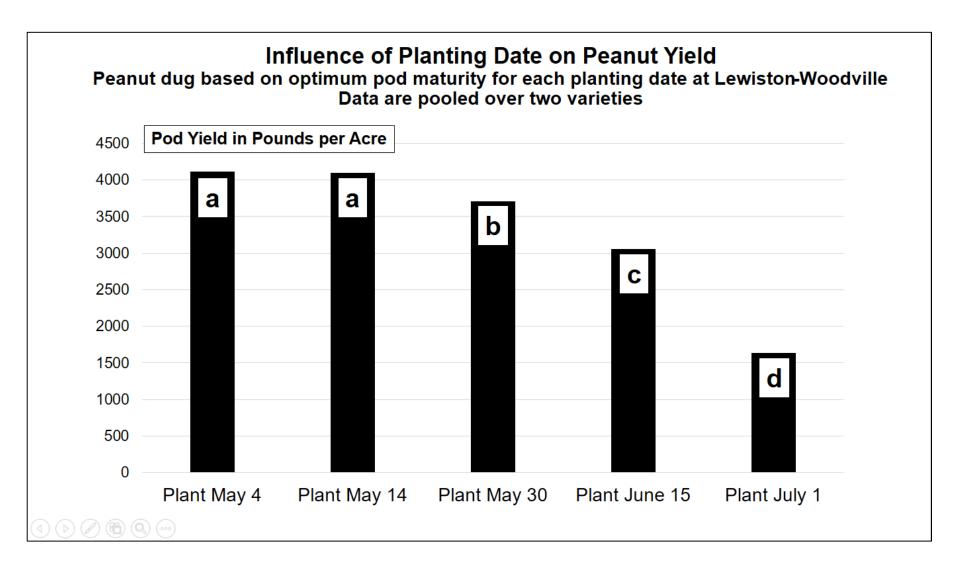
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Walton (3,483 lbs/acre) versus Bailey II (3,158 lbs/acre)

#### Planted May 4, image taken July 31



#### Planted May 14, image taken July 31



#### Planted May 29, image taken July 31

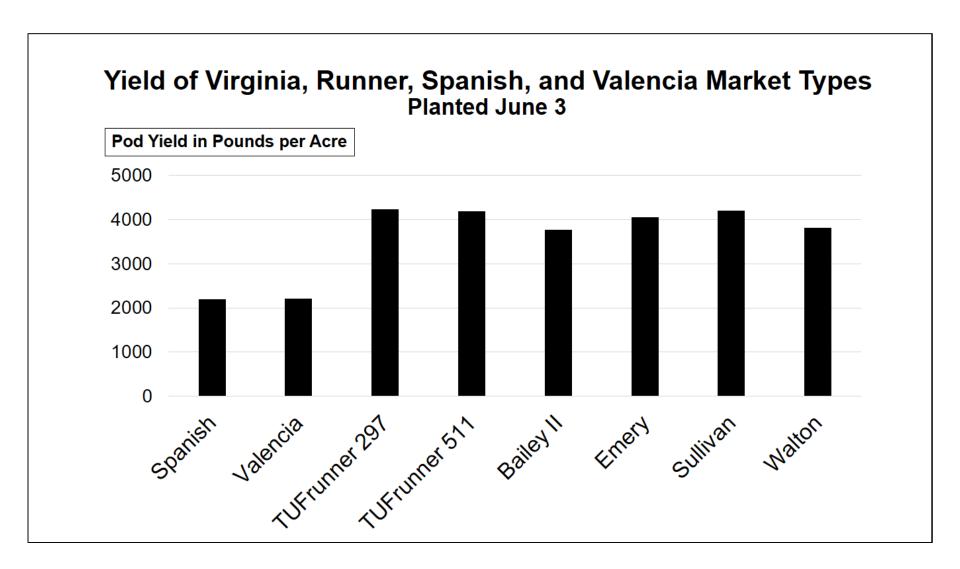


#### Planted June 9, image taken July 31



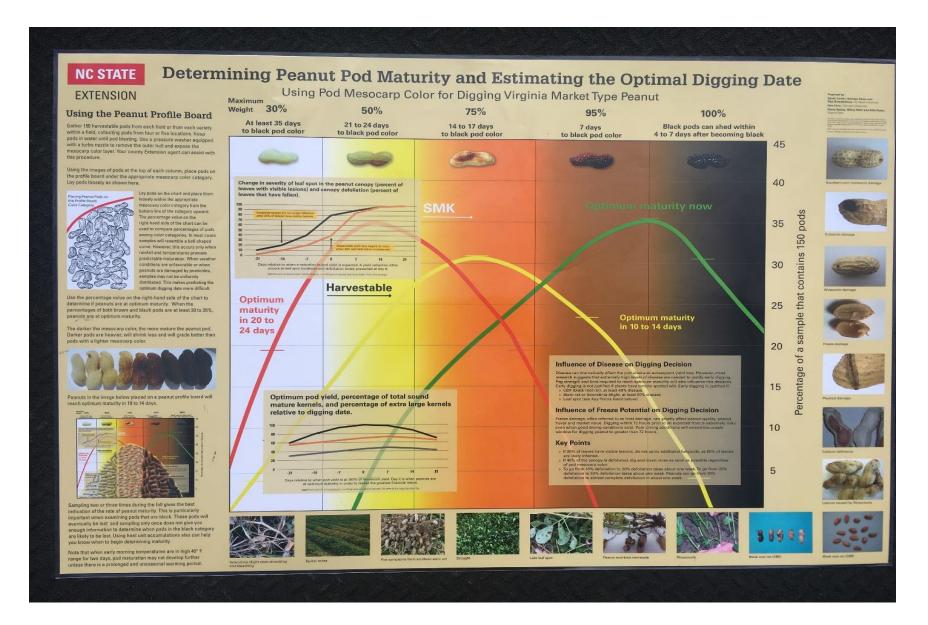
#### Planted June 25, image taken July 31





#### **General Production Practices**

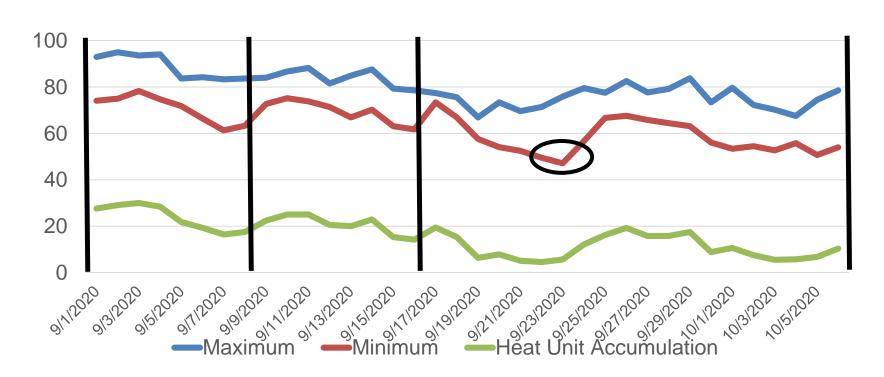
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#### **Heat Unit Accumulation**

- Temperature and moisture influence growth and development Minor contribution from photoperiod
- DD<sub>56</sub> (Growing Degree Days) Base 56, Ceiling, 95
- Average temperature for the day -56 = Heat Units for that day
- Sum heat unit accumulation from emergence to a given point
- Dry heat
- Injury from abiotic and biotic stresses can affect growth and development
- Heat units accumulation is a good indicator of when to begin
- Pod mesocarp color on a field by field basis is key
- 2600 DD<sub>56</sub> needed for most Virginia market types

# Maximum and Minimum Air Temperatures and Heat Unit Accumulation from September 1through October 6 Whiteville





Whiteville, 2020

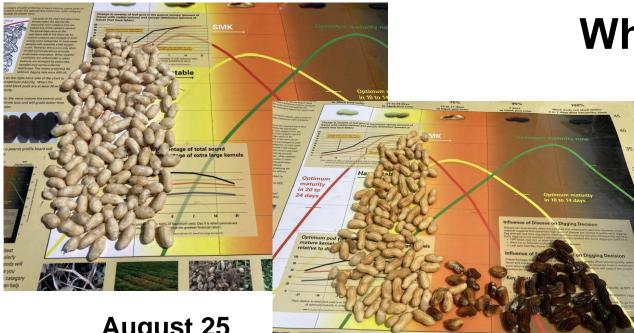
August 25

September 8

**Normal Progression** 



September 16



Whiteville, 2020

August 25

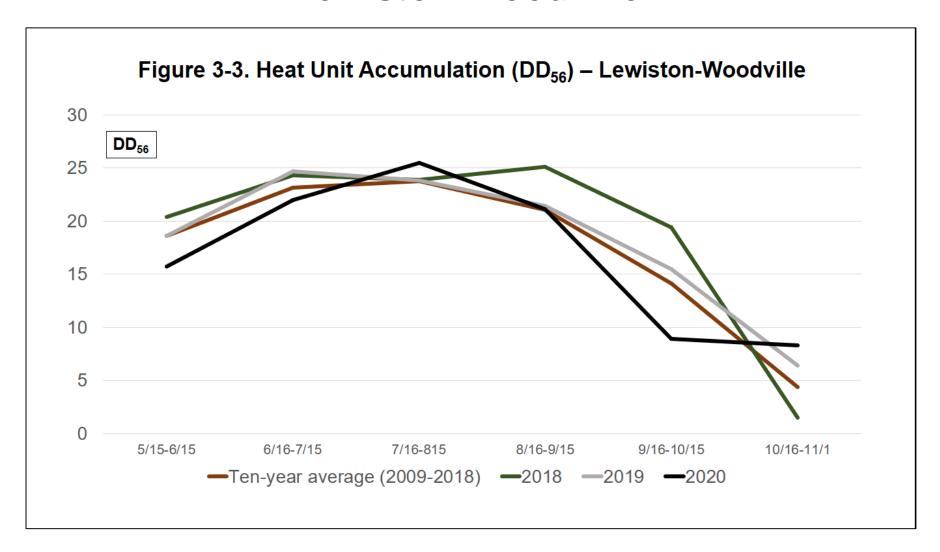
September 8

**Split Crop?** 



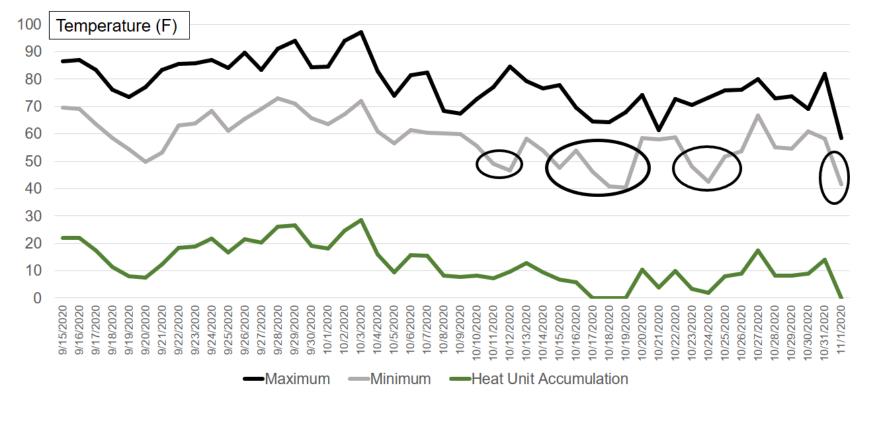
September 16

### Heat Unit Accumulation Lewiston-Woodville

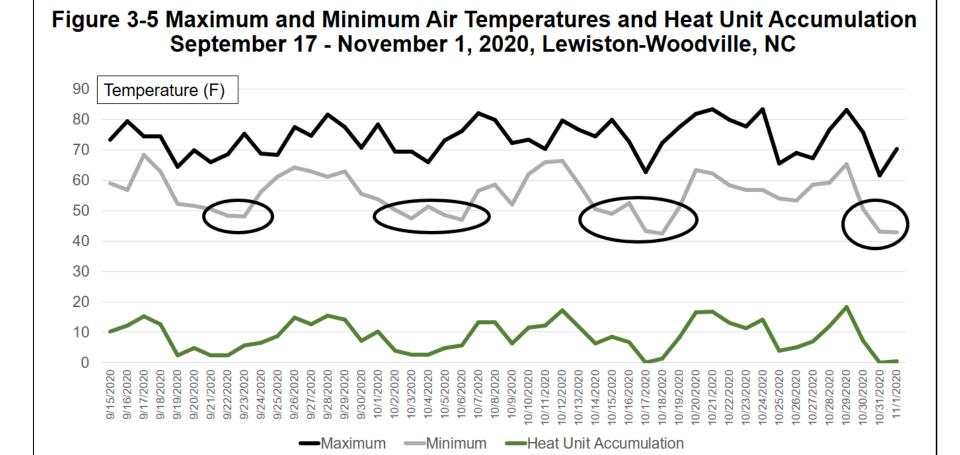


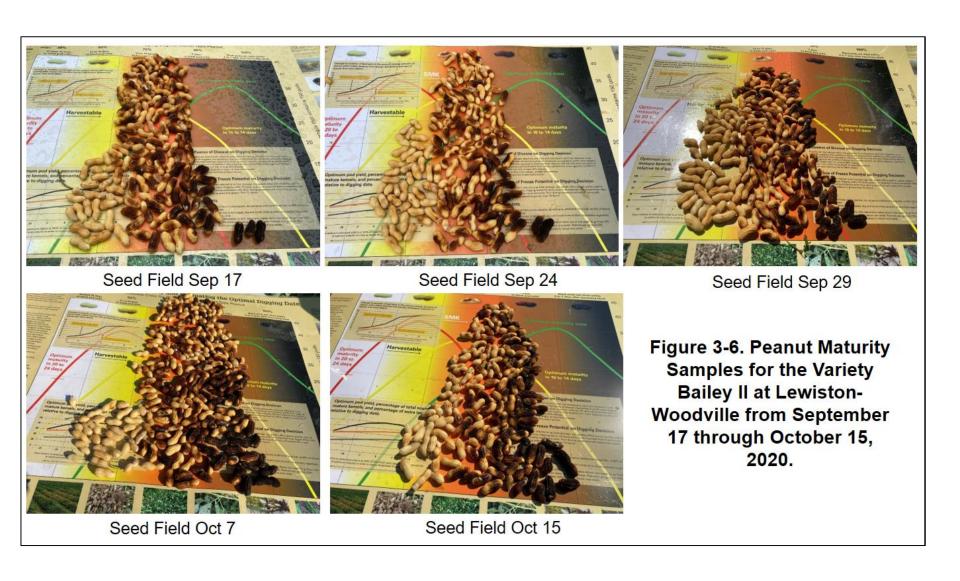
#### Lewiston-Woodville, 2019

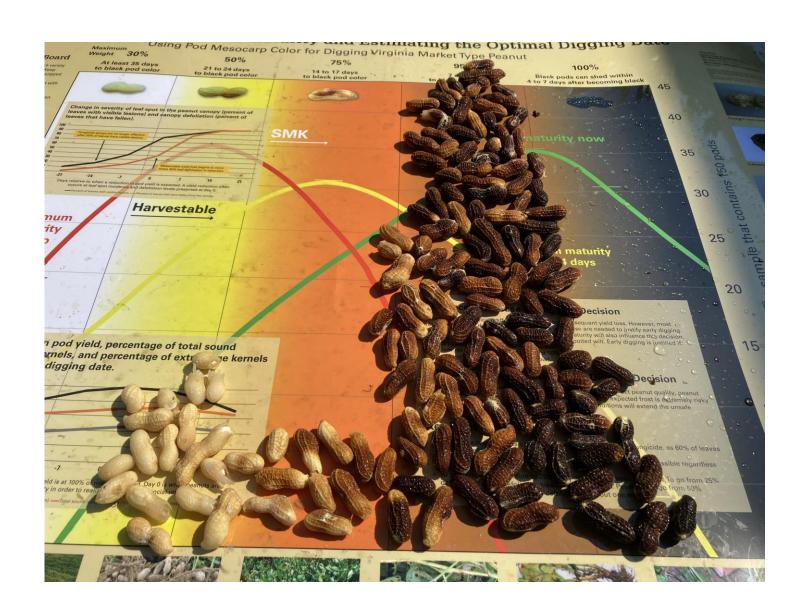




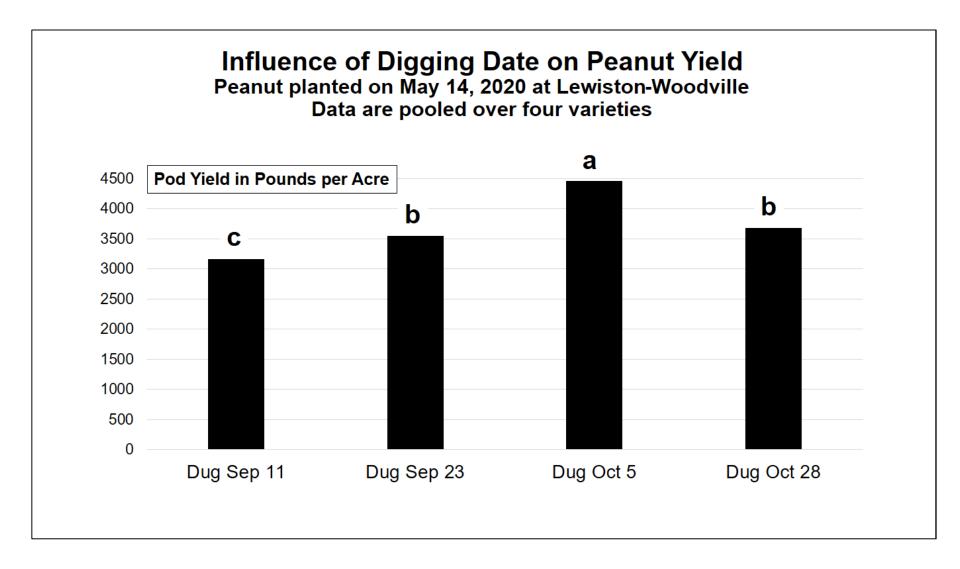
#### Lewiston-Woodville, 2020



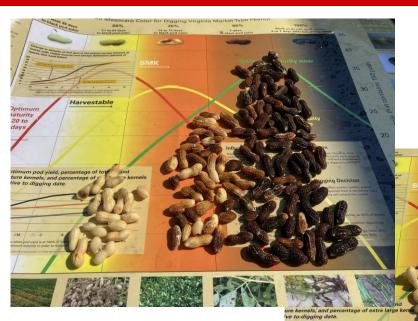








#### **NC STATE UNIVERSITY**



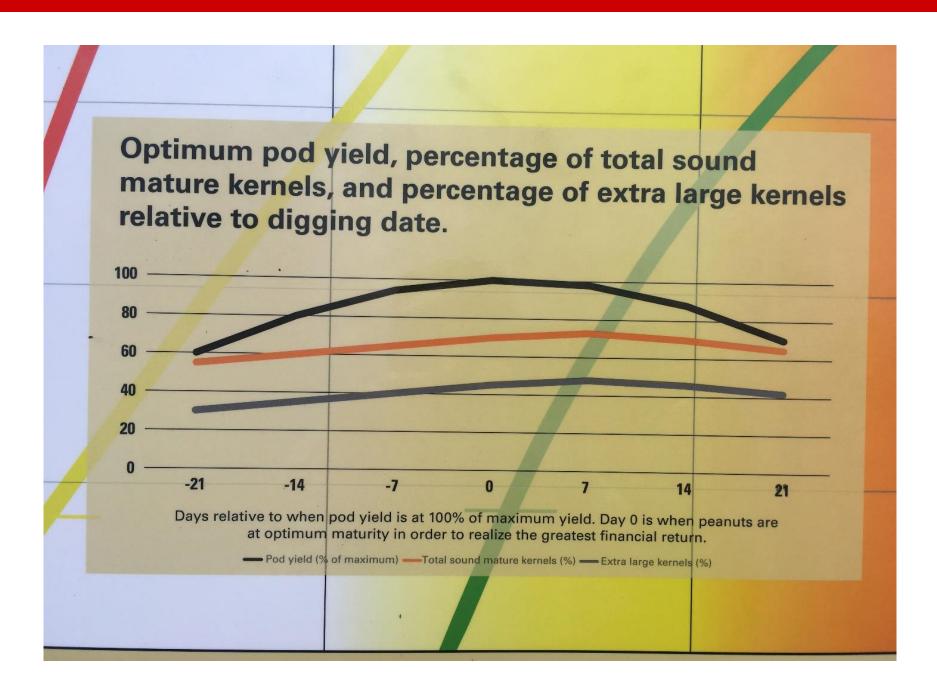
Lewiston-Woodville Planted May 14 Image October 13

**Bailey II** 

**Emery** 



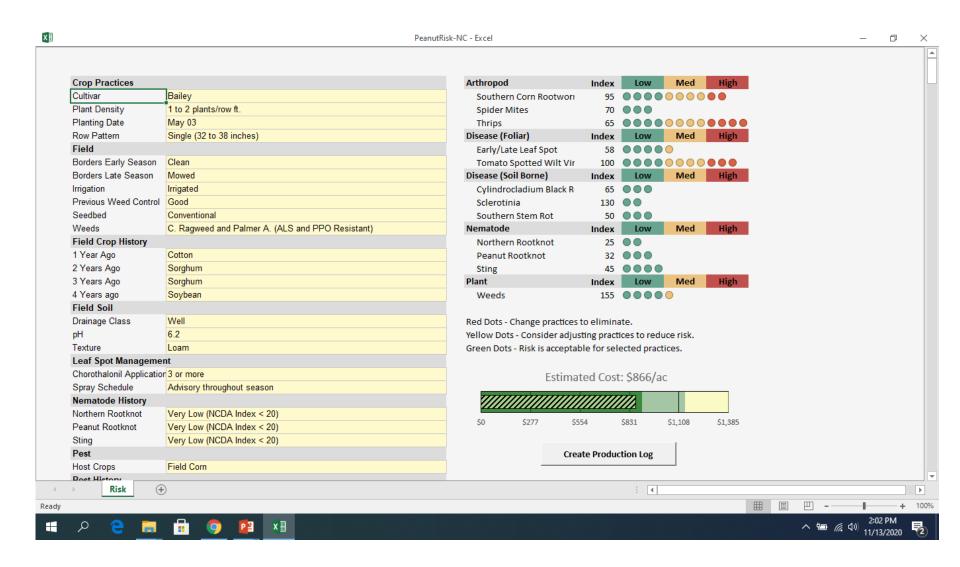
**Sullivan** 

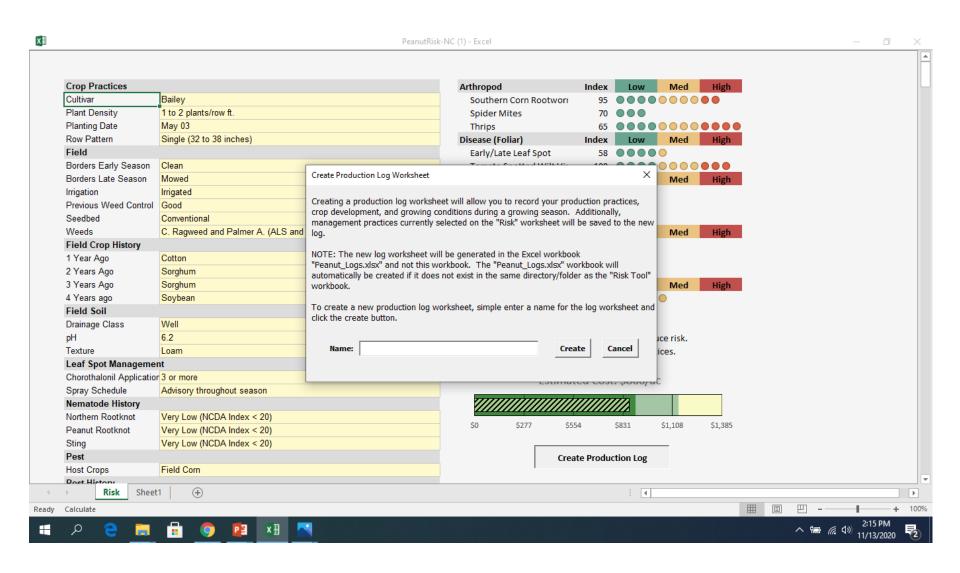


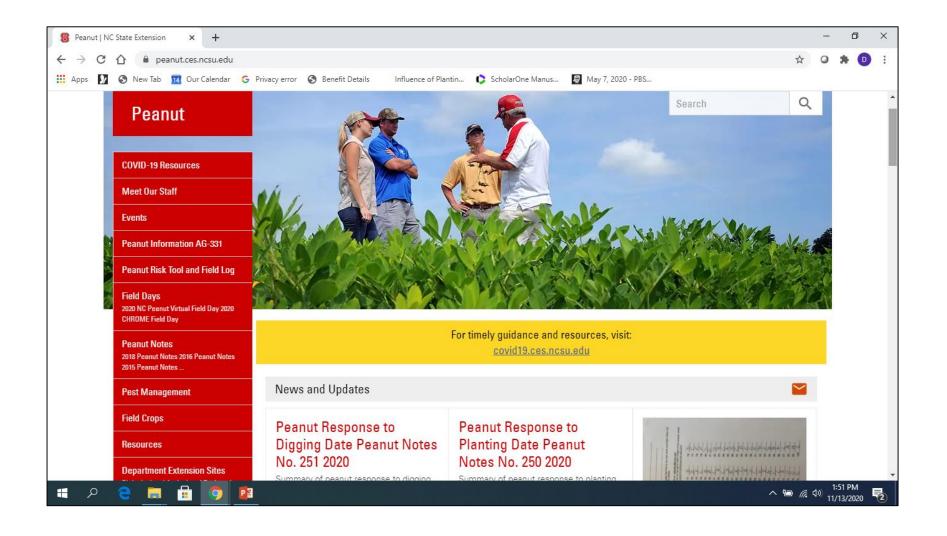
## **Peanut Risk Tool**



#### **NC STATE UNIVERSITY**







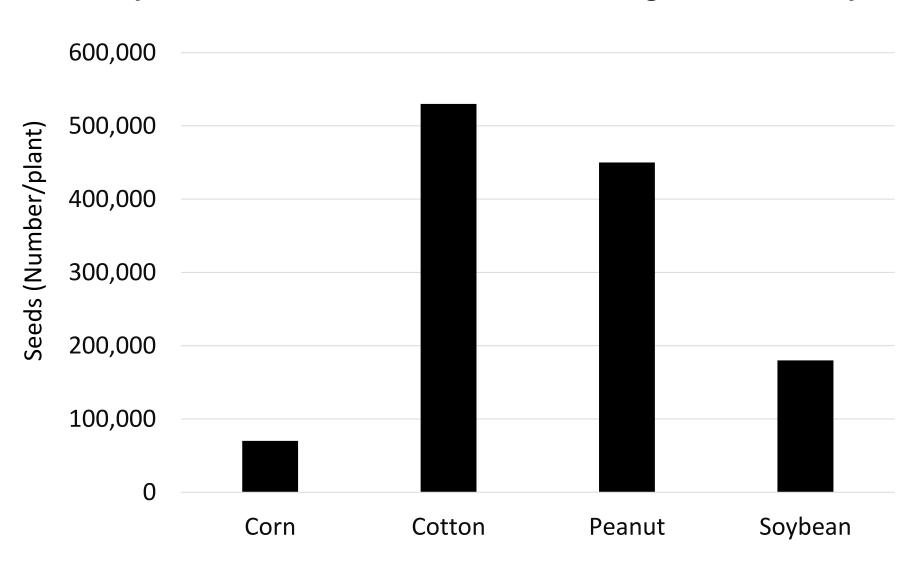
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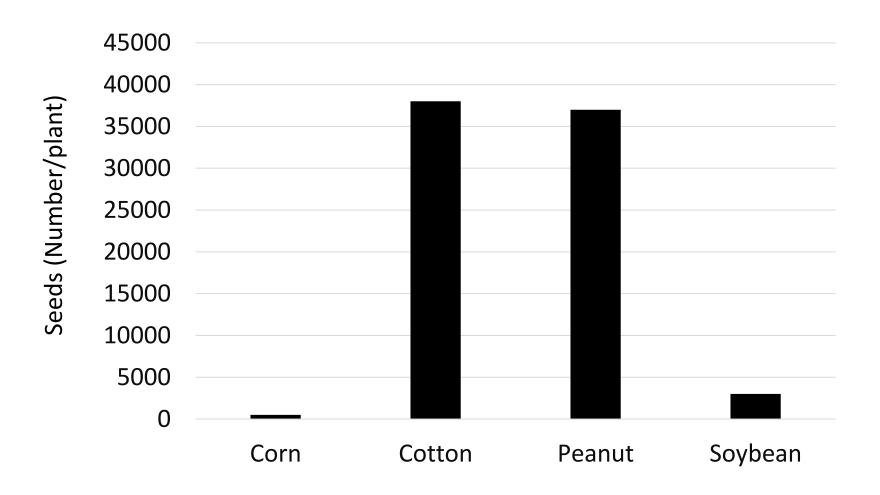
# **Weed Control**



## Seed production when Palmer amaranth emerged with the crop



## Seed production when Palmer amaranth emerged 3 weeks after the crop



## **Note Scale**

# **Postemergence Options**

- Paraquat applied within 28 days after emergence
- Basagran, Ultra Blazer, Storm, Cobra
- Cadre and Pursuit
- Various formulations of 2,4-DB
- Clethodim (various formulations), Poast, and Poast Plus
- Dual, Dual Magnum, Warrant, Outlook, Zidua, Anthem Flex
- Paraquat (wiper/roller application)

# Peanut response and weed control with Gramoxone plus Basagran plus nonionic surfactant alone or with residual herbicides

	Rate	1 WAT			3 WAT		
Residual	oz/a	Peanut	RW	LQ	TP	ELMG	Eclipta
Control	-	0 c	0 d	0 d	0 c	0 с	0 c
None	-	28 ab	80 b	76 c	89 b	85 a	84 b
Dual Magnum	16	33 ab	87 ab	85 bc	95 a	86 a	93 ab
Warrant	48	24 b	86 ab	93 ab	95 a	86 a	97 a
Outlook	13	34 a	95 a	98 a	97 a	89 a	97 a
Zidua	2.5	28 ab	91 ab	96 ab	97 a	80 a	88 ab
Anthem Flex	2.7	31 ab	94 a	93 ab	97 a	88 a	97 a

# Peanut response and weed control with Gramoxone plus Basagran plus nonionic surfactant alone or with residual herbicides

	Rate	3 WAT			6 WAT		
Residual	oz/a	Peanut	RW	LQ	TP	ELMG	Eclipta
Control	-	0	0 b	0 c	0 d	0 b	0 c
None	-	0	75 a	78 b	80 c	85 a	84 b
Dual Magnum	16	0	76 a	88 ab	90 abc	80 a	90 ab
Warrant	48	0	83 a	85 b	81 bc	81 a	91 ab
Outlook	13	0	86 a	97 a	88 abc	88 a	95 ab
Zidua	2.5	0	79 a	97 a	91 a	85 a	90 ab
Anthem Flex	2.7	0	83 a	97 a	93 a	99 a	97 a

# Gramoxone plus Basagran with Residual Herbicides

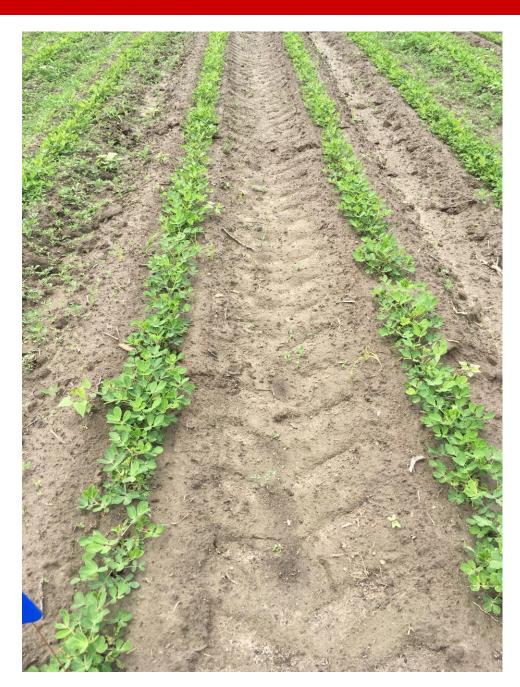
Planted May 19
Lewiston-Woodville
Variety Bailey
No residual herbicides at planting
15 GPA, 31 psi
11002 Flat Fan Nozzles
Weeds 3 inches or less

# Gramoxone plus Basagran with Residual Herbicides

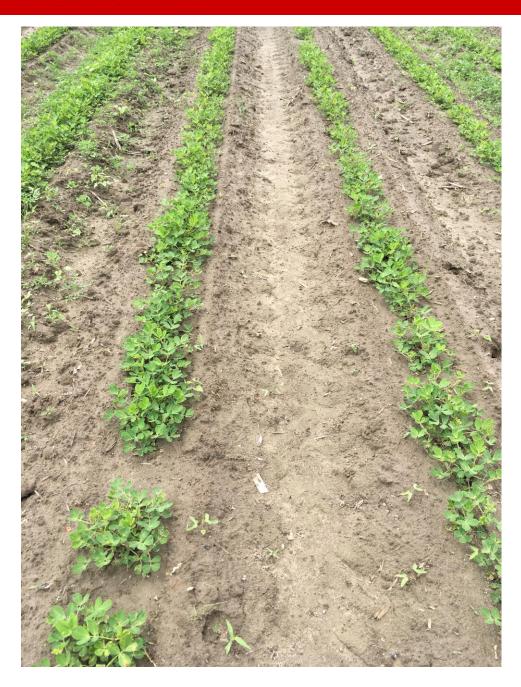
Control 3 weeks after treatment



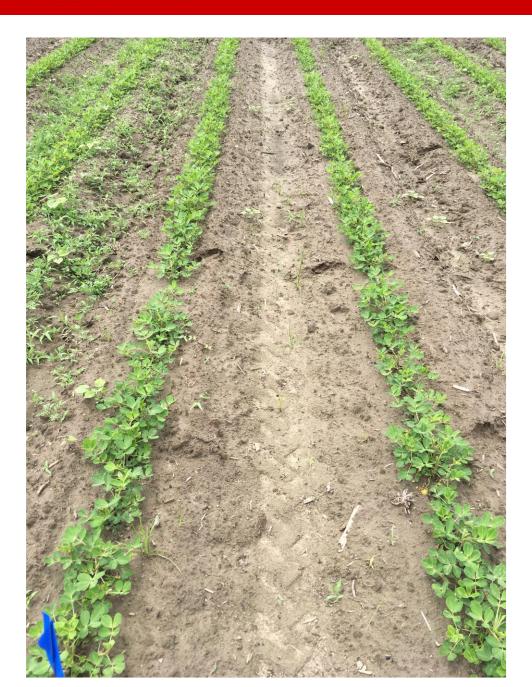
Non-treated control



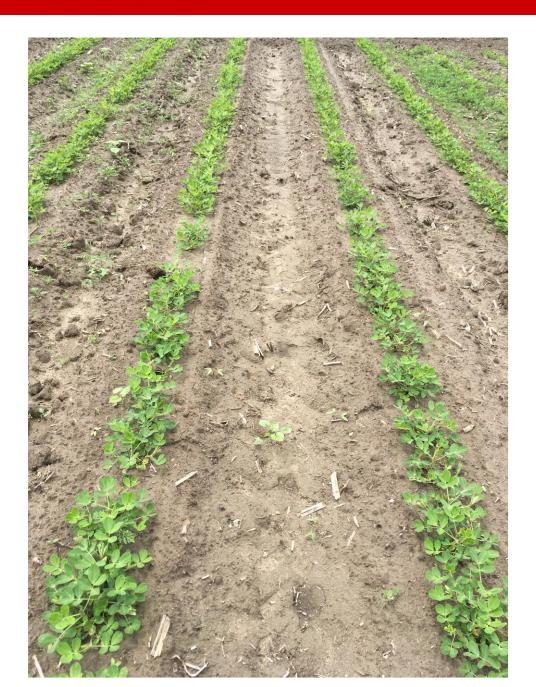
Sprayed June 4
Gramoxone @ 8 oz/acre
Basagran @ 8 oz/acre
NIS @ 1 pint/100 gal



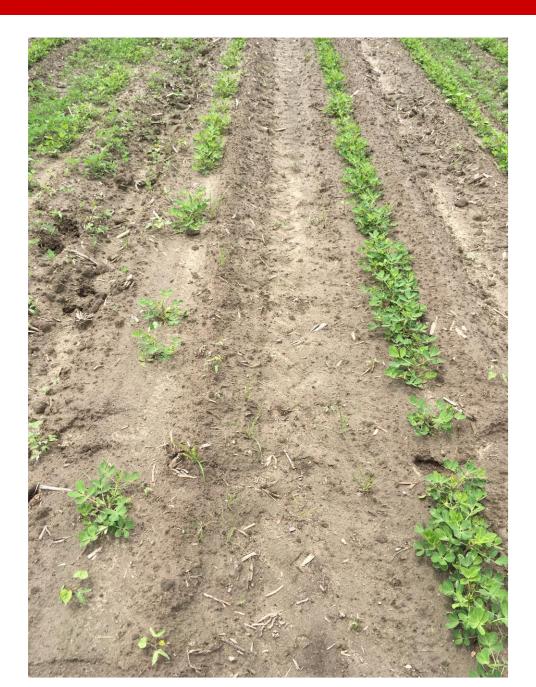
Sprayed June 4
Gramoxone @ 8 oz/acre
Basagran @ 8 oz/acre
Dual Magnum @ 16 ox/acre
NIS @ 1 pint/100 gal



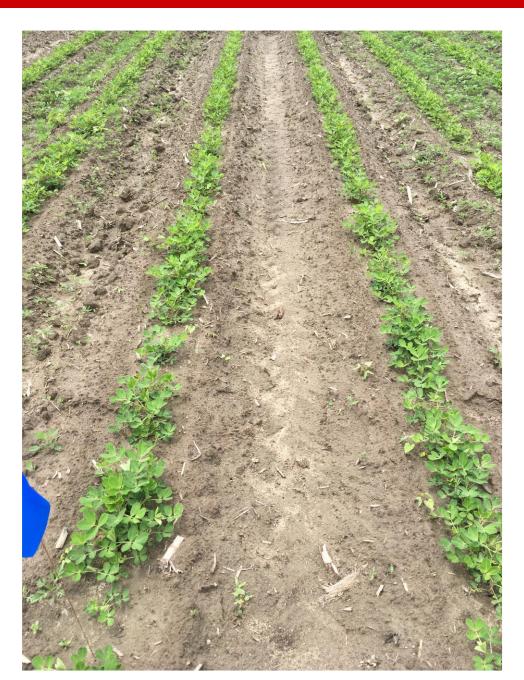
Sprayed June 4
Gramoxone @ 8 oz/acre
Basagran @ 8 oz/acre
Warrant @ 48 oz/acre
NIS @ 1 pint/100 gal



Sprayed June 4
Gramoxone @ 8 oz/acre
Basagran @ 8 oz/acre
Outlook @ 13 oz/acre
NIS @ 1 pint/100 gal



Sprayed June 4
Gramoxone @ 8 oz/acre
Basagran @ 8 oz/acre
Zidua @ 2.5 oz/acre
NIS @ 1 pint/100 gal



Sprayed June 4
Gramoxone @ 8 oz/acre
Basagran @ 8 oz/acre
Anthem Flex @ 2.7 oz/acre
NIS @ 1 pint/100 gal

# Gramoxone plus Basagran with Residual Herbicides

Control 6 weeks after treatment



Non-treated control



Sprayed June 4
Gramoxone @ 8 oz/acre
Basagran @ 8 oz/acre
NIS @ 1 pint/100 gal



Sprayed June 4
Gramoxone @ 8 oz/acre
Basagran @ 8 oz/acre
Dual Magnum @ 16 ox/acre
NIS @ 1 pint/100 gal



Sprayed June 4
Gramoxone @ 8 oz/acre
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Warrant @ 48 oz/acre
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Sprayed June 4
Gramoxone @ 8 oz/acre
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Sprayed June 4
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Anthem Flex @ 2.7 oz/acre
NIS @ 1 pint/100 gal

# Gramoxone plus Basagran with Residual Herbicides

What about Palmer amaranth?

Table 4-7. Weed Response to Postemergence Herbicides —	Peanuts
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Table 17. Weed Hesponse to For	Herbicides Key: PPI = Preplant Incorporated; PRE = Preemergence; AC = At-Cracking; POST = Postemergence																			
Management of services in			+	+ Storm		+Butyrac 200	Blazer	12er +	+	Pree	Storm + Butyrac 200	+ Butyrac 200	or Impose = 2	At-Cr	Basagran sy	Basagran + 200	Cadre or Impose	Pursuit messo	or Poast Plus	Clethodim products a
Species	Butyrac 200	Gramoxone	Gramoxone Basagran	Gramoxone	Basagran	Basagran	Ultra Bla	Ultra Bla Butyrac	Ultra Blazer Basagran <sup>2</sup>	Storm	Storm +	Pursuit -	Cadre or	Cobra	Cobra +	Cobra +   Butyrac	Cobra + (	Cobra + I	Poast or	Clethodi
Bermudagrass	N	P	P	P	N	N	N	N	P	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	FG	G
Black nightshade	N	PF	PF	G	P	P	G <sup>1</sup>	G <sup>1</sup>	G <sup>1</sup>	G <sup>1</sup>	G <sup>1</sup>	G	G	G <sup>1</sup>	G <sup>1</sup>	G <sup>1</sup>	G	G	N	N
Broadleaf signalgrass	N	GE	E	GE	N	N	NP	NP	Р	NP	NP	G	G	N	N	N	G	G	E	E
Carpetweed	P	FG	FG	G	P	P	GE	E	E	G	G	FG	FG	G	G	G	G	G	N	N
Cocklebur	E	G	E	E	E	E	G	E	E	E	E	E	E	G	G	E	E	E	N	N
Common ragweed	PF	F	G	E	G <sup>4</sup>	G <sup>4</sup>	E <sup>1</sup>	E <sup>1</sup>	E1	E <sup>1</sup>	E <sup>1</sup>	P	PF	E	E	Ε	E	E	N	N
Crabgrass	N	G	G	G	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	FG	FG	N	N	N	FG	FG	GE	GE
Crowfootgrass	N	GE	G	GE	N	N	P	Р	P	Р	P	Р	G	N	N	N	G	Р	F	G
Dayflower	-	G	G	FG	G	G	-	-	G	FG	FG	-	G	-	G	G	G		N	N
Eclipta	P	F	F	FG	FG	FG	G	G	G	FG	FG	P	F	G	G	G	G	G	N	N
Fall panicum	N	GE	G	GE	N	N	PF	PF	P	PF	PF	PF	G	N	N	N	G	PF	E	E
Florida beggarweed	P	G	GE	G	N	P	PF	F	F	P	P	P	F	F	F	F	F	F	N	N
Foxtails	N	GE	G	GE	N	N	PF	PF	P	PF	PF	G	G	N	N	N	G	G	E	E
Goosegrass	N	GE	G	GE	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	F	N	N	N	F	N	GE	GE
Jimsonweed	P	G	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	G	E	E	E	E	E	E	N	N
Johnsongrass, Seedling	N	GE	GE	GE	N	N	P	P	P	P	P	GE	E	N	N	N	E	GE	E	E
Johnsongrass, Rhizome	N	P	P	P	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	F	FG	N	N	N	FG	F	G	GE
Lambsquarters	PF	F	G	G	FG	G <sup>4</sup>	G	G	GE	G	G	P	PF	P	FG	G	PF	P	N	N
Morningglory, Pitted	FG	F	FG	E	P	G	E	E	E	E	E	G	GE	G	G	G	GE	G	N	N
Morningglory, Others	E	F	FG	E	Р	E	GE	E	E	GE	E	E	G	G	G	E	G	E	N	N

(continued)

	Pounds Active	Sector States of the Control of the
Herbicide and	Ingredient	the literal and the state of
Formulation	Per Acre	Precautions and Remarks
Postemergence, Florid	a beggarweed	
chlorimuron, MOA 2	0.008	Use only for control of Florida beggarweed.
(Classic 0.25 DF)	(0.5 oz)	Apply from 60 days after crop emergence
		to within 45 days of harvest. Application to
		peanuts less than 60 days old will result in o
		injury and yield reduction. Apply before Flor
		beggarweed has begun to bloom and before
		has reached 10 inches tall. Larger beggarwe
		may only be suppressed. Add 1 quart of non
		surfactant per 100 gallons spray solution;
		do not add crop oil. May be tank mixed with 2,4-DB; see label for rates and precautions.
	and the second second	Recommended as a salvage treatment only.
Postemergence, Yellov	w nutsedge	The commended as a salvage treatment only.
bentazon, MOA 6	0.75 to 1	Apply when nutsedge is 6 to 8 inches tall. A
(Basagran 4 L)	(1.5 to 2 pt)	repeat application 7 to 10 days later may be
	of galles types	needed. Adding crop oil concentrate at 1 qua
	Disease and the second	per acre will increase control. Do not apply
	ALIE THE SELECTION OF THE	more than 2 pints of Basagran per season. N
		effective on purple nutsedge.
Postemergence, Yellov		
imazapic, MOA 2 (Cadre 2 AS)	0.063	Apply postemergence when nutsedge is 4
(Impose 2 AS)	(4 fl oz)	inches or less. Add nonionic surfactant at 1
(iii)pose Z AS)		quart per 100 gallons or crop oil concentrate
		at 1 quart per acre. See label for rotational restrictions.
imazethapyr, MOA 2	0.063	Apply before nutsedge is larger than 3 inche
(Pursuit 2 AS)	(4 fl oz)	tall. Add surfactant at 1 quart per 100 gallon
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	or crop oil concentrate at 1 quart per 100 gallon
		not mix with Basagran for nutsedge control.
		See label for rotational restrictions. A solit
		application with half of the Pursuit applied
	and the second	preplant incorporated and half applied early
		postemergence may be more effective than
		applying all of the Pursuit at one time.

	Peanuti planted May 10, emerged May 20  5 (outing date June 15 (what if July 1)  Next crop will be cotton (what if Suybean)  Weeds present: Palmer amounth  Goosegrass  (ommon ragueed								
, {	Cadre	Palmer E		Ragment PF					
2 } -	Gramoxone Basagran	6	G	6					
	Butyrac 200 Clethodim	PF	N GE	PF					
C .		E	N	E					
(	Storm		1 1/	IE					
5 }	Cobra	EN	GE						

#### WebHADSS™ North Carolina (Peanuts) **OPTIONS** FIELD AND CROP INFORMATION WEED SIZE View Damage Avg. Weed Size: Small (< 2 in.) Field Size: 40 acres **Estimates** Medium (2 to 4 ir Soil Moisture: Adequate (Continue) C Large (>= 4 in.) O Dry POST TREATMENT DATA Clear All Data Est. Weed-Free Yield: 4000.0 lb / acre Treatment Date: Jun ▼ 09 ▼ 2011 ▼ Crop Selling Price (\$): Clear Only Weed per Ton Application Cost (\$): 5.00 **Population Data** per acre Planting Date: May ▼ 06 ▼ 2011 ▼ **Previous Page** (Back) WEED POPULATIONS (weeds per 100 sq. ft.) Weed Identification Help Weed Population Help amaranth, Palmer groundcherry panicum, Texas amaranth, Palmer, ALS resistant horsenettle pigweed, redroot anoda, spurred pigweed, smooth jimsonweed poinsettia, wild barnvardgrass iohnsongrass (rhizome) beggarweed, Florida johnsongrass (seedling) purslane pusley, Florida bermudagrass lambsquarters carpetweed morningglory, entireleaf radish / mustard, wild 6.00 morningglory, ivyleaf ragweed, common cocklebur 2.00 corn, volunteer morningglory, pitted sandbur, field morningglory, purple crabgrass sicklepod morningglory, red croton, tropic sida crowfootgrass morningglory, tall signalgrass, broadleaf 5.00 dayflower nightshade. Eastern black smartweed nutsedge, purple eclipta spurge nutsedge, vellow velvetleaf foxtail panicum, fall goosegrass

# WebHADSS™

#### North Carolina (Peanuts)

#### **OPTIONS**

- <u>View</u> <u>Recommendations</u> (<u>Continue</u>)
- Previous Page (Back)

#### **UNTREATED DAMAGE ESTIMATE**

(Based on 4000.0 lb / acre weed-free yield and \$600.00 per Ton selling price.)

		Loss		
Weed	weeds per 100 sq. ft.	lb / acre	% Yield	\$ / Acre
morningglory, tall	5.00	640.00	16.00%	\$192.00
sicklepod	4.00	576.00	14.40%	\$172.80
ragweed, common	2.00	304.00	7.60%	\$91.20
carpetweed	6.00	24.00	0.60%	\$7.20
Total		1,544.00	38.60%	\$463.20

#### WEED CONTROL WARNINGS

NONE

## WebHADSS™

### North Carolina (Peanuts)

#### **OPTIONS**

- Herbicide
   Information
- Glyphosate
   Formulations
- Previous Page (Back)

To view treatment details click on the treatment name.

#### **Herbicide Recommendations**

Treatment		Net Return	Total Cost	After Treatment Yield Loss (Pounds)		
Description (Rate per acre)	Warnings	per acre				
<u>Ultra Blazer + Butyrac</u> (1.5 pt + 16 oz)	View Details	\$403.67	\$20.41	130.40		
Cobra + Butyrac (12.5 oz + 16 oz)	View Details	\$386.60	\$22.12	181.60		
Cobra + Cadre / Impose (12.5 oz + 4 oz)	View Details	\$386.52	\$39.48	124.00		
Basagran + Butyrac (1.5 pt + 16 oz)	View Details	\$381.10	\$25.23	189.60		
<u>Cadre / Impose + Butyrac</u> (4 oz + 16 oz)	View Details	\$367.87	\$29.69	218.80		
<u>Storm + Butyrac</u> (1.5 pt + 8 oz)	View Details	\$363.87	\$20.85	261.60		
Pursuit + Butyrac (4 oz + 16 oz)	View Details	\$359.87	\$23.17	267.20		
Cadre / Impose (4 oz)	View Details	\$352.34	\$26.02	282.80		
<u>Cobra</u> (12.5 oz)	View Details	\$347.07	\$18.45	325.60		
Butyrac (16 oz)	View Details	\$342.46	\$8.67	373.60		
Cobra + Basagran (12.5 oz + 1 pt)	View Details	\$336.03	\$29.49	325.60		
Cobra + Pursuit (12.5 oz + 4 oz)	View Details	\$332.56	\$32.96	325.60		
Cobra + Basagran + Butyrac (12.5 oz + 1.5 pt + 8 oz)	View Details	\$328.67	\$36.85	325.60		
Cobra + Basagran (12.5 oz + 2 pt)	View Details	\$324.99	\$40.53	325.60		
Ctarm						

# **Treatment Details and Weeds Remaining**

#### **Weed Control Details**

Weed	Weed Population (weeds per 100 sq. ft.)				
	Initial	After Treatment			
morningglory, tall	5.00	0.00			
sicklepod	4.00	0.80			
ragweed, common	2.00	0.10			
carpetweed	6.00	0.00			

## Estimated Yield Loss (Based on 4000.0 lb / acre weed-free yield)

Weed	Yield Loss (lb / acre)			
	Untreated	After Treatment		
morningglory, tall	640.00	0.00		
sicklepod	576.00	115.20		
ragweed, common	304.00	15.20		
carpetweed	24.00	0.00		
Total Estimated Loss	1,544.00	130.40		

# Purchase Information (Based on 40 acres)

Herbicide Name	Rate per acre	Units Needed	Unit Cost	Cost
Butyrac 200	16.0 oz	5 (gal)	\$29.32	\$146.60
Ultra Blazer (2S)	1.5 pt	8 (gal)	\$62.62	\$500.96
Total Cost				\$647.56



# North Carolina Herbicide Selection Tool

#### Crop

Select crop for herbicide recommendation by clicking on crop name.



Soybean

#### Weeds

Select or unselect weeds for herbicide recommendation by clicking on a weed name.

carpetweed cocklebur, common corn, volunteer

crabgrass, large

croton, tropic

crowfootgrass

dayflower, spreading

eclipta

foxtail, green

goosegrass

groundcherry, cutleaf

horsenettle

morningglory

entireleaf

ivyleaf

pitted

blue

red

purple/tall

mustard, wild

nightshade, black

nutsedge

purple yellow sañabur, tiela

sicklepod

sida, prickly

signalgrass, broadleaf

smartweed, Pennsylvania

spurge

velvetleaf

	Selected Weeds	Comp. Index	
	amaranth, Palmer millet, Texas	4.0 3.5	
	Clear Selected Week	is	
Some weeds in North Carolina have resistence of confirmed resistance in any of herbicide resistance.			
<ul> <li>□ 01 - Acetyl CoA Carboxylase (ACCase) Inhibitor</li> <li>□ 02 - Acetolactate Synthase (ALS) or Acetohydroxy Acid Synthase (AHAS) Inhibitor</li> <li>□ 03 - Mitosis Inhibitors</li> </ul>	□ 04 - Synthetic Auxins □ 05 - Photosystem II Inhib □ 09 - Enolpyruvyl Shikima Phosphate (EPSP) Synt Inhibitors □ 10 - Glutamine Syntheta Inhibitors  Clear Checked MOA	ite-3- nase se	<ul> <li>□ 14 - Protoporphyrinogen         Oxidase (PPG oxidase or         Protox) Inhibitors</li> <li>□ 17 - Nucleic Acid Inhibitors</li> <li>□ 27 - Carotenoid Biosynthesis         Inhibitors</li> </ul>
	Get Herbicide Recommen	dations	

Herbicide Recomendations		
Show or hide herbicide informtion by clicking on herbicide line.		
Herbicide	Rating	
Gramoxone 2 SL + Storm 4 L	93 E	▼
Parazone 3 SL + Storm 4 L	93 E	▼
Cadre 2 AS	90 GE	▼
Impose 2 AS	90 GE	▼
Cobra 2 EC + Cadre 2 AS	90 GE	▼
Cobra 2 EC + Impose 2 AS	90 GE	▼
Gramoxone 2 SL	87 G	▼
Parazone 3 SL	87 G	▼
Gramoxone 2 SL + Basagran 4 L	85 G	▼
Parazone 3 SL + Basagran 4 L	85 G	▼
Zidua 4.17 SC	78 FG	▼
Zidua 85 WG	78 FG	▼
Pursuit 2 L (.5 PPI f/b .5 Post)	74 F	▼
Ultra Blazer 2 L	62 F	▼
Basagran 4 L + Ultra Blazer 2 L	62 F	▼
Cobra 2 EC + Pursuit 2 L	62 F	▼
Pursuit 2 L + Butyrac 200 2 L	62 F	▼
Storm 4 L	62 F	▼
Ultra Blazer 2 L + Butyrac 200 2 L	62 F	▼
Storm 4 L + Butvrac 200 2 L	62 F	▼

Cobra 2 EC + Basagran 4 L + Butyrac 200 2 L	51 PF ▼	
Clethodim Products	44 P ▼	
Poast 1.5 EC	44 P ▼	
Poast Plus 1 EC	44 P ▼	
Butyrac 200 2 L	27 NP ▼	
Basagran 4 L + Butyrac 200 2 L	20 N ▼	
Basagran 4 L	0 N ▼	
Herbicide Control Rating Key		
E Excellent 93% or better	PF Poor/Fair 48% to 53%	
GE Good/Excellent 88% to 93%	P Poor 28% to 48%	
G Good 83% to 88%	NP Very Poor/Poor 23% to 28%	
FG Fair/Good 78% to 83%	None/Very Poor 0% to 23%	
F Fair 53% to 78%		



# Herbicide Resistance Management

Residual herbicides

Timely applications

Multiple MOAs

Prevent production of weed seed

